THE PSYCHOLOGY OF FOOD TRANSITION





Obligations due to Green New Deal: stimulate healthy, plant-based and sustainable food According to research, the health care sector contributes 7% of the total carbon emissions of the Netherlands Contribution of healthcare catering services: Land Waste **Blue water** Climate consumption footprint generation use 24% 24% 13% 6%

DESIGN	Duration	Nudging Strategy	Activities
 Between subjects design Dependent variable: sales data of sustainable products sold at the LUMC restaurant 	1 Week	Visibility & Accessbility (V&A)	Changing location + facilitating access to products
 Independent variable: the four different nudging groups or conditions 	1 Week	Wash-out	No nudging
 Each nudging condition will be measured around 1 week (including the control group) Wash-out week introduced between the 	1 Week	Non-verbal Prompts (P)	Prompts directing attention and functioning as reminder
 measurement of each condition Time of the year will be controlled Relative and absolute differences in 	1 Week	Wash-out	No nudging
sales data will be used due to natural variances in total amounts sold	1 Week	Combination of V&A and P	See above



RESEARCH AIMS

The research aim of this project is to investigate the effectiveness of implementing a nudging intervention to increase sustainable food choice in a Dutch hospital restaurant.

Objective 1: compare the effectiveness of the two nudging strategies
Objective 2: testing and comparing effectiveness of a combined nudging
intervention vs seperate nudging strategies

Objective 3: contribute to current scientific knowledge regarding the effect of nudging on sustainable food choice

Objective 4: provide evidence-based recommendations





- Psychological intervention that influences foodrelated choice context
- Nudging suited: acts on fast and automatic decision-making (system 1)
- Nudging found to be moderately effective at increasing healthy food choice
- Selected nudging techniques:

Visibility & accessibility nudge

Non-verbal prompts

Promising results and usage in earlier studies





HYPOTHESES

Research question: Is a nudging intervention able to increase sustainable food choice amongst customers of the LUMC restaurant

It is expected that both nudging strategies will increase sustainable food choice separately

The effects of these strategies is not expected to differ

It is expected that the combination of both strategies will increase sustainable food choice

The combined effect is expected to be stronger

